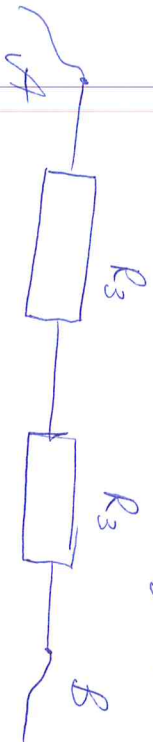


$$R_1 = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2}{2(2 + \frac{2}{3})} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{4}{3} \cdot 2}{2 \cdot \frac{8}{3}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$R_2 = 2 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{3(\frac{4}{3} + 2)} = \frac{4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{8 \cdot \frac{10}{3}} = \frac{4}{7} \cdot 2$$



$$I = \frac{26}{R_{\text{total}}}$$

$$I = \frac{5 \cdot 8 \cdot 7}{8 \cdot 90 \text{ Ohm}} = 49 \text{ mA}$$

$$1) mg = F_y$$

$$mg = k \Delta x \Rightarrow \Delta x = \frac{mg}{k}$$

$F = x + \frac{mg}{k}$
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$$x = l - \frac{mg}{k}$$

$$\sin \varphi = \frac{l}{13} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{13}$$

$$\frac{F_{y'}}{F_{y'}} = \sin \varphi \Rightarrow F_{y'} = \frac{F_{y'}}{\sin \varphi}$$

$$F_{y'} = \frac{mg}{\sin \varphi}$$

$$qg \varphi = \frac{l}{0,83} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{0,83}$$

$$cd = \frac{mg}{qg \varphi}$$

$$2) F_{y'x} = m \omega^2 R$$

$$cd^2 = \frac{F_{y'x}}{mR}$$

$$cd = \sqrt{\frac{F_{y'x}}{mR}}$$

$$R = \sqrt{1,3^2 l^2 - l^2} \approx 0,83 l$$

$$mg = F_{y'}$$

$$\Delta x' = 1,3 l - x$$

$$\Delta x' = 0,3 l + \frac{mg}{k}$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{R}{1,3 l} = \frac{0,83}{1,3}$$

$$mg \cdot \cos \varphi = \frac{mg}{qg \varphi}$$

$$k \Delta x' = F_{y'}$$

$$k \Delta x' = \frac{mg}{\sin \varphi} \Rightarrow \Delta x' = \frac{mg}{k \sin \varphi}$$

$$cd = \sqrt{\frac{mg}{qg \varphi \cdot 0,83 l}}$$

$$0,3 l = \Delta x' - \frac{mg}{k}$$

$$l = \frac{\Delta x' - \frac{mg}{k}}{0,3}$$

$$cd = \sqrt{\frac{0,5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 0,83}{10 \cdot 1 \cdot 0,83 \cdot 0,05 \cdot m}} \approx 14,1 \frac{\text{m}}{c}$$

$$cd = \sqrt{\frac{0,083}{1 \cdot 0,83 \cdot l}}$$

$$\Delta x' = \frac{0,5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 1}{k \cdot 100 \cdot 1} = 0,065 \text{ m}$$

$$l = \frac{0,065 \text{ m} - \frac{0,5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 1}{k \cdot 100}}{0,3} = 0,05 \text{ m}$$

$$cd = \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$$

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 Problem: 14,1 $\frac{\text{m}}{c}$.

$$2) \frac{k \Delta x}{2} = \frac{m v^2}{2} + \frac{m v^2 \cdot 8}{2 \cdot 3}$$

$$\frac{k \Delta x^2}{2} = \frac{3 m v^2 + 2 m v^2}{6}$$

$$k \Delta x^2 = \frac{5 m v^2}{3}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{mg}{k}$$

$$\frac{k m g^2}{1,81} = \frac{5 k v^2}{3}$$



$$v^2 = \frac{3 m g}{5 k}$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3 m}{5 k} \cdot g}$$

$$\frac{k \Delta x^2}{2} = \frac{3 k \Delta x'^2}{2} + k \Delta x'^2$$

$$5 \Delta x'^2 = \Delta x^2$$

$$\Delta x' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \Delta x$$

$$F_{y1} = k \Delta x; F_{y2} = k \Delta x \sqrt{5}$$

$$\frac{F_{y1}}{F_{y2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = \sin \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi = 11,3^\circ$$

14) 1) $E \neq 0 \leftarrow y_1, y_2 + C$
 8 garnaš gogara $g=0$

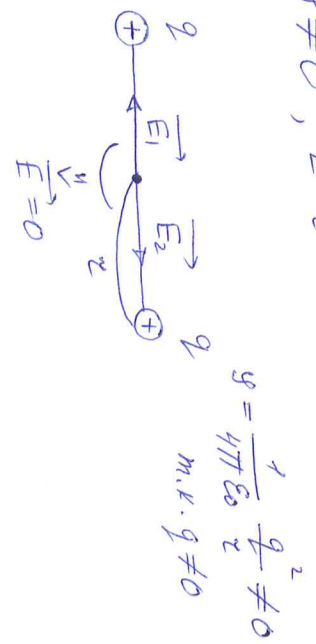
PM-101

$y = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \cdot \frac{q_1 \cdot q_2}{r^2}$
 $y=0 \Leftrightarrow [q_1=0, q_2=0]$

Thema $q_1=0, q_2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ Einpunkt gogaron
 monoto naue
 oggare maue

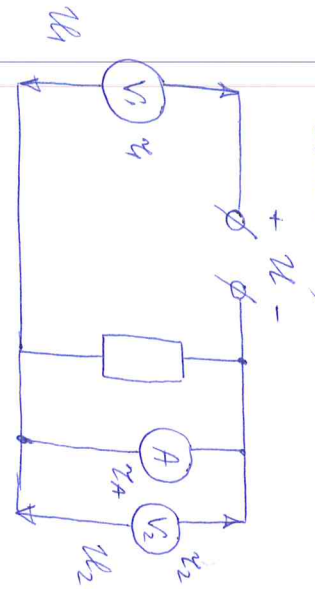
$E \neq 0$

2) $g \neq 0, E=0$



$y = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q^2}{r^2} \neq 0$
 m.v. $g \neq 0$

$q \neq 0$
 Amb.: 14)



$R=10 \Omega$
 $U_2=10B$
 sphaštopu uggaraume $\Rightarrow U_1 \text{ u } U_2 = \infty$
 $U_2=0$
 max vepg V_1 max ma
 bygum $\Rightarrow U_1=0 \Rightarrow U_2=U_2=10B$
 $I = \frac{U_2}{R} = \frac{10B}{10\Omega} = 1A$

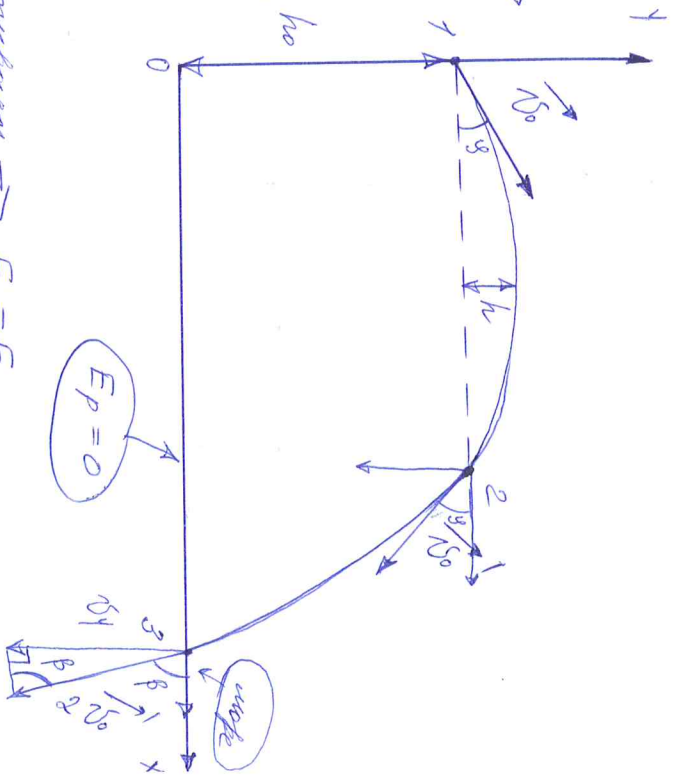
Amb.: 6.

10) gogara 1

- $y=30^\circ$
- $U_0 = 10 \frac{m}{c}$
- $U = 2U_0$
- $g = 10 \frac{m}{c^2}$
- 1) $h_0 - ?$
- 2) $\beta - ?$

1) U_0 sumuempum
 gogara $U_y = -U_y \Rightarrow$

$U_y = U_0 \sin y$
 $\Rightarrow U_y' = -U_0 \sin y$
 $|U_0 \vec{v}'| = |U_0 \vec{v}|$
 8 m. 2: $\frac{m U_0^2}{2} + mgh_0 = E, h_0$
 8 m. 3: $E_2 = \frac{m (2U_0)^2}{2} = \frac{4m U_0^2}{2}$



Compensacume

gogara ma gummabum $\Rightarrow E_1 = E_2$

$\frac{m U_0^2}{2} + mgh_0 = \frac{4m U_0^2}{2}$
 $gh_0 = \frac{3 U_0^2}{2}$
 $h_0 = \frac{3 \cdot 10 \cdot 10}{2 \cdot 10} = 15m$

Amb.: 15m.